

Chapter 7 : Core Implementation Supports

Core Implementation Supports

Read about the mechanisms utilized by OhioKAN to support successful implementation of the program model, such as a rigorous fidelity monitoring process.

Core Implementation Supports Overview

Image



Included in the OhioKAN core components are the core implementation supports deemed essential for successful implementation of the OhioKAN program model. Such supports are essential to creating an enabling context where OhioKAN's practices can be implemented and produce the program's intended outcomes. The NIRN Active Implementation Frameworks defines an enabling context as the environment and setting needed for effective practices to be used well. The Active Implementation Frameworks specify improvement cycles and linked implementation teams as essential to creating an enabling context 60 .

OhioKAN's Core Implementation Supports are designed to make explicit the activities needed to ensure the program is implemented in an environment conducive to its success. A continuous quality improvement cycle which includes opportunities for staff at all levels to participate is essential to the program's success. Furthermore, community service and support mapping and community outreach and capacity building are key activities implementation teams must attend to when implementing OhioKAN.

Each of these supports enable the successful implementation of OhioKAN by providing both technical and adaptive solutions to challenges faced both at the community level and Family level. Kinnect chose a specific method, such as the OhioKAN Information Hub, to address each of these core implementation supports. Jurisdictions can choose to customize their approach when implementing OhioKAN to the context of the circumstances and possible existing infrastructure of the implementing agency.

Continuous quality improvement promotes a culture of learning and engagement of staff at all levels in making programmatic and practice improvements to achieve outcomes for kinship and adoptive families. Dedicated CQI meetings provide the opportunity to those that are delivering the service to give feedback about their experience to in turn further enhance the successful implementation of the program model. Such spaces intentionally provide time to discuss trends, identify barriers and service gaps, find solutions to practice challenges, conduct small tests of change, regularly review the inclusion, diversity, equity, and access Framework and to disaggregate data by key demographic characteristics. The organization's leadership promotes a culture that values ongoing reflection of service quality and continual efforts by the Full agency, its partners, and contractors. The infrastructure that supports effective CQI is critical to identify places for improvement, critically reflect and incorporate feedback from all staff levels to implement solutions that improve both practice and fidelity to the program model for achievement of outcomes for kinship and adoptive families.

- Methods For ensuring fidelity to the model
- Methods For feedback of satisfaction from consumers
- Methods for measuring outcomes and impact of services

Comprehensive community service and support mapping provides a critical mechanism for OhioKAN staff to match the needs of families with available resources in the community. Specifically, ensuring there is a searchable index of resources that can be updated as information changes is a key activity implementation teams must ensure is completed before service delivery begins. This index should be categorized by BASICS domain and include location and contact information for each service or support. This service and support map is utilized to identify resources and to develop a referral binder, an essential element of the Connect Level of Service. In addition, developing a process for the assessment of the existing service array and ongoing identification of service gaps and barriers play a key role in both providing targeted resources to families and achieving outcomes on the community pathway of the OhioKAN theory of change, which includes the awareness of and support in filling community service gaps.

Localized community outreach and capacity building activities are focused on reducing stigma around support seeking behaviors and normalizing a variety of family constellations that often makeup the kinship and adoptive families served by the OhioKAN program. Multidisciplinary stakeholders regularly convene to build awareness and knowledge within the communities and across disciplines about the unique strengths, challenges, and needs of kinship and adoptive families and best practices for serving them. Implementation teams are responsible for designing structures and processes that are tailored to the jurisdiction's context.

60 National Implementation Research Network (NIRN). Active Implementation Frameworks. (2005). Retrieved from: <https://nirn.fpg.unc.edu/sites/nirn.fpg.unc.edu/files/resources/AIHub%2...>

Continuous Quality Improvement

Continuous Quality Improvement (CQI) is a way for teams and organizations to reflect and ask themselves, "How are we doing?" and "How can we do it better?" CQI provides a process for the intentional use of evidence to critically assess performance, identify strengths and areas needing improvement, identify solutions, and monitor those solutions in an environment that embraces continuous learning.

OhioKAN's CQI framework is grounded in the principles and common language of CQI, as outlined by Chapin Hall and the Center for State Child Welfare Data 61. These principles, while originally designed for child welfare CQI systems and applied in states' implementation of the Family First Prevention Services Act, have been tailored to OhioKAN's unique model and include:

- Viewing CQI as a cyclical Plan-Do-Study-Act process with problem-solving activities,
- Valuing and incorporating rigorous use of evidence at every stage,
- Developing and testing hypotheses that are rooted in OhioKAN's theory of change and through the lens of OhioKAN's Inclusion, Diversity, Equity and Access (IDEA) Framework,
- Converting data to evidence,
- Focusing on the variety of experiences and outcomes of children and families served,
- Continually using a data-driven, strategic, and systematic approach to adjust process, quality, and/or capacity investments,
- Incorporating continuous learning and improvement in everyday practice,
- Engaging and empowering staff toward common goals and leveraging their expertise to achieve program goals,
- Examining service delivery processes through performance measures, and
- Communicating well throughout the organization.

OhioKAN CQI Approach

OhioKAN's CQI approach provides the framework for improvement planning and ongoing monitoring of the program's key performance, practice, and implementation measures. CQI activities ensure quality service delivery and effective program implementation to achieve OhioKAN's vision for kinship and adoptive families. CQI practices are present throughout the model and reinforced through OhioKAN's culture of continuous learning, staff reflect on practice and apply CQI principles throughout every aspect of the program in both the family and community pathways of the theory of change.

The OhioKAN CQI framework collects, aggregates, analyzes, and compares program data within and across the state's ten regions and two implementation cohorts to fully leverage implementation data and improve program delivery. This framework creates opportunities for the OhioKAN program to be implemented with greater effectiveness and responsiveness to the needs of kinship and adoptive families it serves. A comprehensive CQI measurement framework tracks implementation and performance outcomes and identifies opportunities to improve practice and service delivery. The monthly CQI Dashboard informed by the measurement framework is regularly reviewed by coaches and regional directors and further discussed during monthly CQI Process Team meetings. By promoting consistent implementation of the OhioKAN model across the state, OhioKAN CQI not only monitors program fidelity, but also program quality for and inclusion of OhioKAN families.

Regular CQI activities allow staff to learn and build upon effective outreach strategies for eligible families, understand OhioKAN family satisfaction, strengthen practice skills, grow available and inclusive services, and supports to meet families' diverse needs, ensure fidelity to the model at all levels of the intervention, and identify additional community resources to invest and achieve OhioKAN outcomes. CQI implementation supports, such as training, procedures, meeting facilitation, practice profiles, practice observation rubrics, monitoring tools and guides, and reporting structures, continue to be refreshed and refined in collaboration with OhioKAN implementation and evaluation partners as the OhioKAN program grows and staff become proficient in the improvement cycles.

The OhioKAN CQI approach incorporates the OhioKAN Inclusion, Diversity, Equity and Access (IDEA) Framework. OhioKAN believes that equity is not only a value and desired

outcome, but a process of intentional action to eliminate systemic barriers that have produced historical and contemporary inequities based on race, gender, class, sexual orientation, geography, and other forms of difference. Such actions within CQI include the disaggregation of data by the forms of difference listed. In reference to the OhioKAN theory of change, the disaggregation of data can be used on the family track to better improve service delivery for the diverse communities served and through the community track by linking data disaggregated by race and geography to identify systemic barriers for certain communities in Ohio. Through the disaggregation of CQI data, OhioKAN staff is equipped with a robust set of data to better inform decision-making and improvements around service delivery at both the family and community level.

OhioKAN is committed to partnering with Families served at all levels of their involvement with the program. OhioKAN recognizes that families are experts of their own experience and are fully equipped to identify program improvement strategies. Families and those with lived experience inform improvement planning within OhioKAN through surveys, focus groups and Regional Advisory Councils.

OhioKAN CQI, Evaluation, and Performance Management

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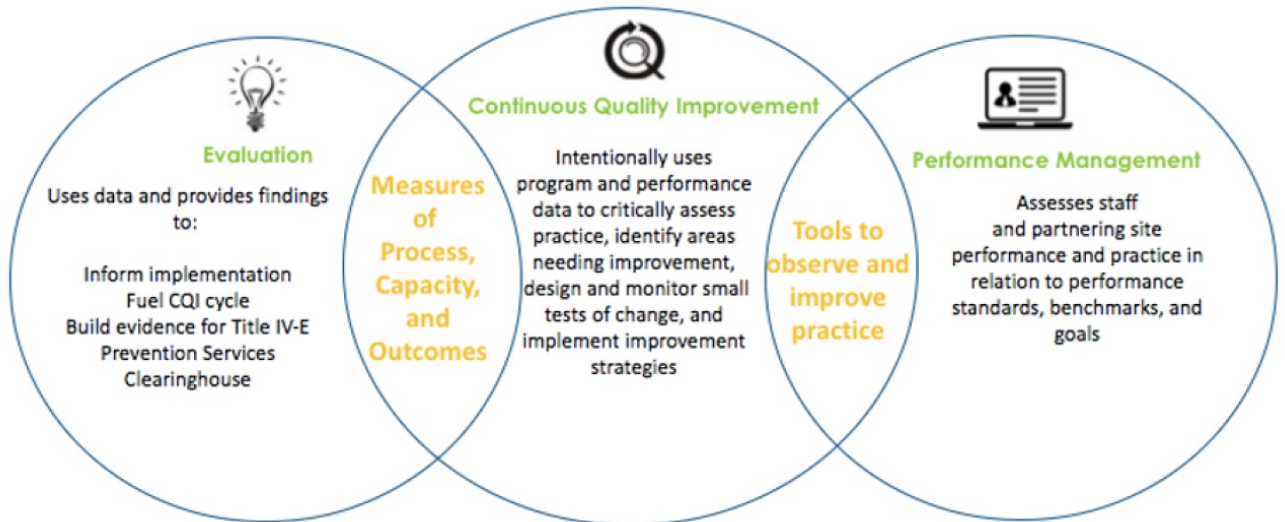


Figure 7: Relationship between OhioKAN CQI, Evaluation, and Performance Management

As shown in Figure 7, OhioKAN CQI is closely aligned with the program's evaluation activities and performance management framework. The findings from evaluation activities not only inform course corrections and build the evidence base for OhioKAN, but also fuel the CQI cycle. Similarly, CQI and performance management both assess staff and partnering site practice skills and use the same tools to observe and improve practice. While related to CQI, evaluation and performance management each represent distinct frameworks, whose relationships with CQI are further explained below.

CQI and Evaluation

The OhioKAN CQI and Evaluation efforts, as shown in figure 1, are interconnected and contribute to OhioKAN's culture of continuous learning. OhioKAN's evaluation process is a comprehensive, rigorous approach to assess the model's readiness for implementation and its effectiveness. Evaluation activities are focused on answering key research questions related to the model's implementation, evaluability, usability, and effectiveness in addition to site readiness. These evaluation activities will provide insight on whether OhioKAN is effective at achieving desired outcomes, for which populations, and under which circumstances. By building this evidence for OhioKAN's impact, evaluation efforts will contribute to the larger field's learning for effective kinship and adoptive family interventions. Ultimately, the findings from the effectiveness trial will support OhioKAN's rating on the Title IV-E Prevention Services Clearinghouse. Many of the same measures of process, capacity, and outcomes feed CQI and evaluation activities, and evaluation findings fuel the CQI process. To complement evaluation initiatives, the OhioKAN CQI framework ensures consistent implementation of the model through ongoing monitoring of key reach, fidelity, quality, and outcome indicators. CQI and evaluation activities inform program refinements and implementation course corrections to strengthen the model and ensure its sustainability.

CQI and Performance Management

While OhioKAN's CQI processes and performance management practices are closely interrelated, as seen in figure 7, they represent distinct frameworks. OhioKAN's CQI framework is focused on the intentional use of data to critically assess practice to identify and monitor solutions. OhioKAN's Performance Management Framework provides an additional set of levers to influence staff and partnering site performance and establish a culture of accountability through its structured supervision and performance assessment processes. Staff and sites are continuously monitored through supervision practices to assess their ability to meet role expectations and performance goals. These performance assessments also inform decisions related to professional development, staffing, and site contracting. The Performance Management Framework complements OhioKAN CQI through its organizing principles:

1. Promote information-based decision-making
2. Embed CQI in routine management practices
3. Provide easy access to information

Both CQI and performance management leverage the same tools and meeting spaces to observe and monitor staff performance and practice. These include tools to observe practice as well as case-level data reports in SACWIS. While OhioKAN's CQI framework uses these tools to fuel improvement cycles, the Performance Management Framework apply them to evaluate individual staff and partnering site performance. CQI is not intended to replace supervision, but to enhance it by discussing job performance feedback and working with staff to strengthen skills at regular supervisory meetings or coaching sessions. During regular all-staff and management meetings, CQI-related agenda items are routinely discussed. In alignment with the Performance Management Framework's organizing principles and in keeping with OhioKAN's culture of continuous learning, staff apply CQI practices during supervisory and management meetings to identify performance areas needing improvement and develop strategies to refine skills. For more on OhioKAN performance management, please see the Performance Management Framework.

OhioKAN Culture of Continuous Learning

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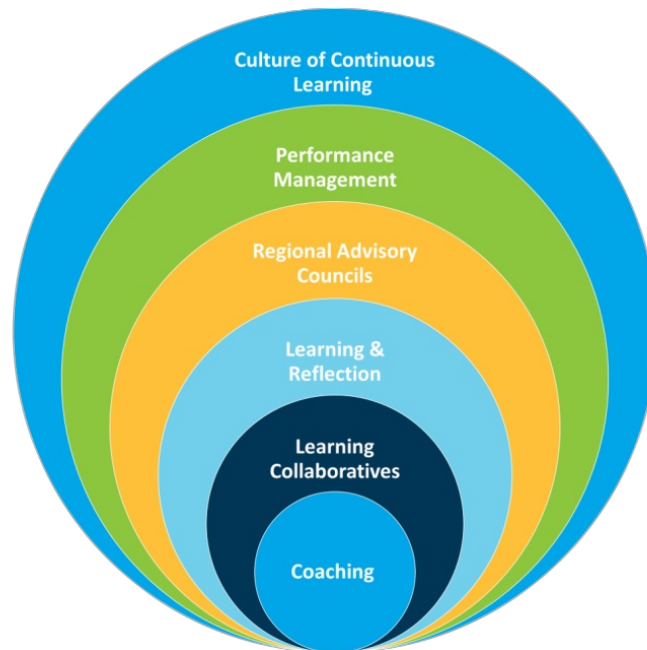


Figure 8: OhioKAN Spheres of Continuous Learning, which includes the areas in which CQI occurs throughout the program.

OhioKAN is dedicated to creating a culture of continuous learning, grounded in the belief that all individuals involved in OhioKAN play a role in improvement cycles. OhioKAN's environment of continuous learning provides space for staff, community partners, and families to learn from each other on a daily basis and at every stage of the model. The "spheres of continuous learning" in figure 8 above refer to the different dimensions of the OhioKAN program, with the largest sphere representing the culture of continuous learning that is present throughout all aspects of the program. Within each sphere, staff leverage CQI practices to discuss performance challenges, assess program outcomes, and elicit feedback from families, each other, and community stakeholders to inform and co-create improvement strategies. OhioKAN's culture of learning is promoted and sustained through each sphere's use of CQI practices, which contribute to the larger OhioKAN CQI process. The individual spheres are further explained below:

- **Performance Management:** This sphere encompasses the learning within team, supervisory, and partnering site relationships that occurs as part of OhioKAN's infrastructure for monitoring and managing staff and partnering site performance.
- **Regional Advisory Councils:** This sphere encompasses the learning within each region's community as part of OhioKAN's Regional Advisory Council structure.
- **Learning and Reflection Sessions:** This sphere encompasses the opportunity for cohort staff to engage in informal conversation around performance and programmatic strengths, challenges and questions
- **Learning Collaboratives:** This sphere encompasses the peer learning between program staff in each cohort as part of the OhioKAN Learning Collaborative Framework.
- **Coaching:** This sphere encompasses the learning between coaches and staff providing navigation services during regular coaching sessions.

Each sphere's feedback loops promote learning and improvement between program staff, OhioKAN families, and stakeholders across all regions. Supervisory and management meetings, reporting, and communication procedures facilitate these feedback loops and support the CQI process. Insight from a diverse group of families, stakeholders and frontline staff can inform necessary changes to improve the quality and equity of services, staff behaviors, fidelity to the OhioKAN model, and community service array gaps. The feedback loops and insights from stakeholders reinforce OhioKAN's culture of continuous learning where CQI principles are practiced on a regular basis and incorporated in everyday conversations.

Elements of OhioKAN's CQI infrastructure, such as data monitoring tools, reporting mechanisms, CQI practices outlined in the CQI Toolkit, and performance measures, are leveraged and operationalized within each sphere by staff, community, and family participation in OhioKAN's CQI process. Members of each sphere use small-scale cycles of plan-do-study-act (PDSA), as shown in figure 8, to identify, implement, and monitor tests of change to inform service delivery and implementation improvement strategies.

61 Wulczyn, F., Alpert, L., Orlebeke, B., & Haight, J. (2014). "Principles, language, and shared meaning: Toward a common understanding of CQI in Children Services." Chapin Hall at the University of Chicago.

Fidelity Monitoring

Fidelity is the extent to which the delivery of an intervention is consistent with the original design and intent of service delivery to achieve outcomes for the population the intervention was designed to serve. The following section specifies how the OhioKAN program model conceptualizes fidelity to the context, content, and competence needed to produce positive outcomes for kinship and adoptive caregivers and the children in their care. Attention to fidelity is also critical to promote consistent implementation of the OhioKAN model across a state or jurisdiction. The OhioKAN CQI approach includes intentional use of data to ensure fidelity to the model at all levels of the intervention.

The CQI teams in OhioKAN leverage data to measure the progress towards fidelity, identify areas for improvement, and leverage improvement cycles to enhance consistent service delivery of the program model with a focus on quality of practice. Such information structures feedback for staff on what areas of practice they excel in and where improvement is needed. For instance, in OhioKAN, Coaches base their feedback and coaching sessions on information learned through exploration of the CQI dashboard and through observations of practice. Other opportunities for navigators to reflect on and enhance practice include trainings and learning collaboratives.

The OhioKAN program model conceptualizes fidelity in three domains:

- **Context:** the structure, framework and environment in which service delivery occurs. This includes characteristics of the physical environment, organizational and administrative requirements. An example of context fidelity in OhioKAN are the Regional Advisory Councils. The RACs track service gaps and barriers in each region to identify what community resources are needed and how to fill those needs, for the purpose of achieving the intended outcomes outlined in the community path of the theory of change.
- **Content:** the adherence to defined activities or practice behaviors and the dose of intervention such as the frequency and duration of service. An example of content fidelity in OhioKAN is sending referrals within two business days of completing the BASICS with a caregiver.
- **Competence:** the skills of practitioners and the quality of service delivery encompass the competence fidelity domain. Within OhioKAN, competence fidelity is represented by elements such as the use of the core practice skills defined in the Navigator Practice Profile, which are observed and recorded by Coaches in the Observation and Debrief Checklist, the observational fidelity monitoring tool.

OhioKAN Program Fidelity and Quality Indicators

The OhioKAN core components are the backbone for operationalizing fidelity and identifying indicators to measure fidelity to the program model. The OhioKAN program, in coordination with implementation and evaluation experts, identified a set of indicators to measure the adherence to fidelity and quality. These indicators are outlined below.

- % observations where navigator uses OhioKAN core practice skills, by practice skill
- % Families with BASICS completed
- % families sent referral(s) to resources to meet their needs, by BASICS need domain
- % families that receive follow-up after referral
- % BASICS assessments completed within 2 days of initial intake
- % referral packets sent within 2 days of BASICS completion
- % families that receive follow-up within 30 business days of referral
- Average number of contacts in Collaborate and Connect levels of service

Fidelity Monitoring through Observations of Practice

Coaches monitor and observe practice of OhioKAN program procedures and confidentiality standards using indirect and direct practice observation methods. Coaches observe their navigators' core practice skills at four points of observation each month:

- Point 1: Navigator and family engagement (direct observation)
- Point 2: Debrief of observed navigator and family engagement with the navigator during coaching
- Point 3: Document review (indirect observation)
- Point 4: Debrief of reviewed document with the navigator during coaching

These four observation points allow coaches the opportunity to observe the following navigator core practice skills (further specified in the Navigator Practice Profile): Engagement, Inclusion, Assessment, Intervention, Active Learner, and Reflection. Coaches use the fidelity monitoring tool, the Observation and Debrief Checklist (see Appendix), to document their observations during each of the four observation points. Completed checklists help inform practice areas to explore during regular coaching sessions. In addition, aggregated data from completed checklists are used to observe larger trends for the program's fidelity and quality.

Direct observation of family engagement

Coaches observe OhioKAN's staff direct practice through monthly observation of their engagement with OhioKAN families. These observations can occur during screening and intake, BASICS completion, follow-up, and support plan development. Coaches use the Observation and Debrief Checklist, included in the Appendix, to observe the degree to which OhioKAN staff demonstrate core practice skills and deliver services in alignment with the model's program and confidentiality procedures. In the Observation and Debrief Checklist practice skills are observed during direct observation points to determine learning opportunities to further unpack, debrief, and explore with navigators during coaching. These observations are then debriefed with navigators during coaching, where the coach may also observe the core practice skills of Reflection and Active learner. Direct observation of practice allows coaches to ensure fidelity to the model and monitor for implicit bias to ensure that all families receive high-quality services and navigators demonstrate consistent practice.

Indirect observation through service episode document and data review

Coaches indirectly observe OhioKAN staff core practice skills by reviewing service episode documentation (e.g., BASICS with referral binder or BASICS and referral binder with support plan) each month. This indirect observation method helps coaches understand the degree to which OhioKAN staff demonstrate core practice skills in their service episode documentation. Coaches use the Observation and Debrief Checklist to note which core practice skills they've observed in reviewed documentation and whether there

are learning opportunities to further unpack, debrief, and explore with navigators during coaching. These observations are then debriefed with navigators during coaching, where the coach may also observe navigator core practice skills of Reflection and Active learner. The review of service episode documentation allows the coach to fully understand practice skill level, biases, and quality of navigation services to identify strengths and opportunities for improvement. In addition, coaches complete a timely review of data quality to observe staff data entry practices. Coaches follow up with navigators as needed on data entry improvement needs and guidance.

Community Service and Support Mapping

Community service and support mapping are considered core implementation supports for successful implementation and sustainment of the OhioKAN program model. The OhioKAN program staff utilize a list of resources to align the needs of families identified in the BASICS with the resources available in the community. The resources matched with the family's needs are then transferred into a referral binder as a key aspect of the Connect Level of Service. Many kinship and adoptive caregivers reach out to OhioKAN for the sole purpose of receiving a referral binder of targeted resources. Without this list of resources, the OhioKAN program would be unable to meet the needs of caregivers in the community.

In preparation for the implementation of the OhioKAN program model, Kinnect contracted with the Human Services Research Institute (HSRI) to develop the OhioKAN Information Hub. The Info Hub is a unique platform with community services and supports mapped by county, region and statewide. This Info Hub describes the community provider, the supports available, organization specific details such as days and times open, and provides a space for OhioKAN staff to add notes for future reference. When staff initially log in to the Info Hub, they can navigate the Ohio map to search for resources and have the capability of adding new resources. The Info Hub allows staff to search for resources that are closest to the caregiver's physical address and by service area that aligns with the 10 domains in the BASICS.

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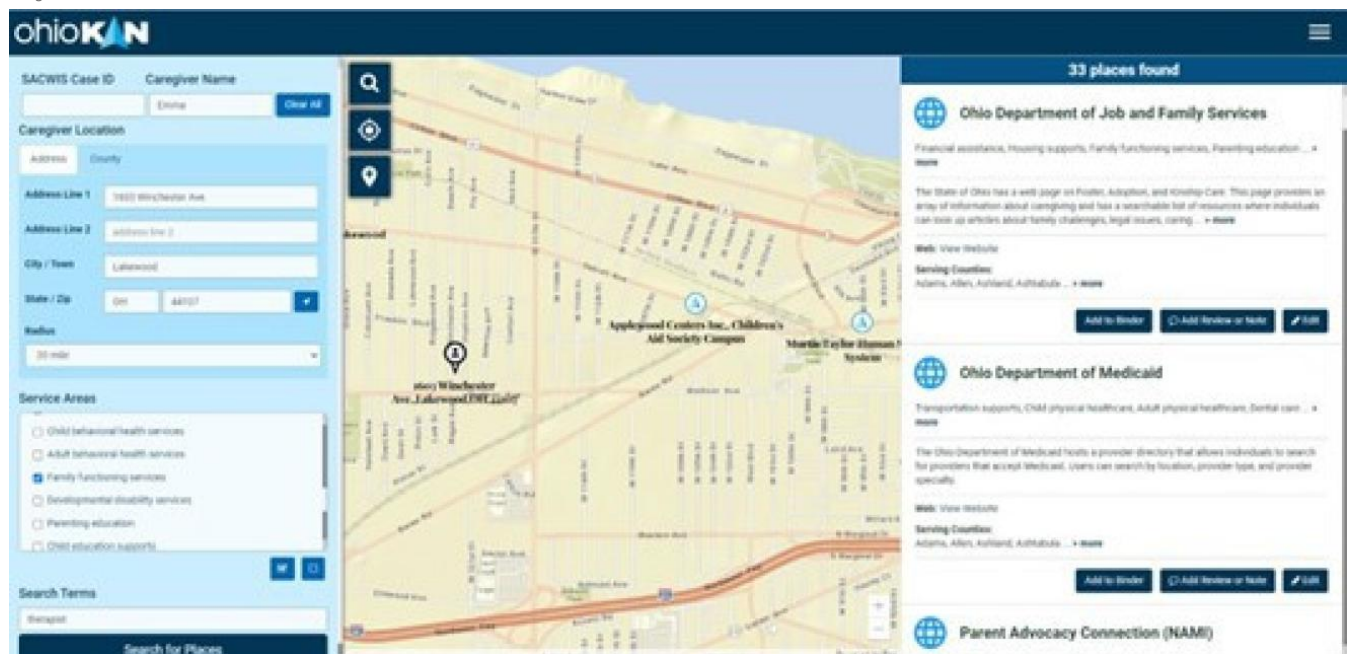


Figure 9: The above is a screenshot of the OhioKAN Information Hub that Navigators use to view and select referrals to meet the unique needs of Kinship and Adoptive Families.

When a resource is identified and aligns with the caregiver and family's unique needs, the OhioKAN staff member is then able to add the resource to the referral binder. The Info Hub also has the capability to add internal-only notes for other staff members, such as tips on how to access an online benefits portal, etc. These tips are often then explained to the caregiver for ease of accessing the community resource in their referral binder. The referral binder is a feature developed within the Info Hub software: staff are also able to add notes to each resource for the family.

Image

1 Applewood Centers Inc., Children's Aid Society Campus

10427 Detroit Avenue
 Cleveland, OH 44102
 216-521-6511
<http://www.applewoodcenters.org/>

Applewood Centers provides behavioral healthcare and out-of-home services for children and their families. Services include counseling & outpatient services; school-based counseling; after school group counseling; psychiatry services; residential treatment; and foster care and adoption services.

Recommendations or reminders from your conversation with the family.

Remove from Binder

Figure 10: The above is a screenshot the referral binder feature in the OhioKAN Information Hub that allows Navigators to add referrals with specific notes for the family.

The referral binder is shared with the family in their preferred form of contact such as by email or through the postal service, this also includes in the preferred language. Once a referral binder is sent, the Info Hub displays when a Follow up is needed to a family. The follow up feature is a great way for staff to keep track of all referral binders sent and when a follow up is needed.

In addition to the list of resources in the community, OhioKAN staff play a critical role in assessing the existing service array and ongoing identification of service gaps. This includes keeping a keen ear for service gaps and barriers in conversation with families who call OhioKAN. When gaps and barriers are identified, Navigators make a notation in SACWIS as an activity log and communicate with their region's Coach and Regional Coordinator, who then assist in documenting the service gaps and barriers. This tracker is used in collaboration with the Regional Advisory Council to assist in action planning around how to meet the need of identified service gaps and barriers in the community.

Community Outreach and Capacity Building

The OhioKAN program model considers community outreach and capacity building as core implementation supports to successful implementation and sustainment of the program model. Outreach efforts include a focus on reducing stigma around support seeking behaviors and normalizing a variety of family constellations. This includes, convening multidisciplinary stakeholders to build awareness and knowledge within communities and across disciplines about the unique strengths, challenges, and needs of kinship and adoptive families and best practices for serving them.

Community outreach supports effective implementation, sustainment of the model, and achievement of programmatic outcomes by ensuring that eligible families and those who serve them are aware of OhioKAN. This includes reducing stigmas of varying family constellations and building the awareness of supports needed and available in the community for Kinship and Adoptive Families. OhioKAN staff support community outreach efforts by engaging professionals who serve families in the community and engaging families in places they already engage with. The below includes a list of community outreach strategies leveraged by the program:

- Presentations to community-based organizations and public systems (e.g., schools, courts, etc.)
- Curated content such as webinars and printed materials aimed at professionals
- Networking and having regional advisory council members introduce OhioKAN staff to their networks
- Direct outreach at local events (e.g., state fair, back-to-school events, etc.)
- Outreach through partners such as asking schools to send information home in backpacks

Capacity building supports includes convening an array of different stakeholder groups to build awareness and knowledge within communities about the supports available and needed for Kinship and Adoptive Families. Stakeholder groups could include state and regional advisory councils aimed at identifying and addressing local service gaps and needs. See section titled Advisory Councils for more information about state and regional advisory councils leveraged for capacity building.